### Semester Two Examination, 2017

### Question/Answer booklet

# MATHEMATICS

**SOLUTIONS**

**METHODS**

**UNITS 1 AND 2**

## Section Two:

## Calculator-assumed

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Student Number: In figures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

In words

Your name

## Time allowed for this section

Reading time before commencing work: ten minutes

Working time: one hundred minutes

## Materials required/recommended for this section

***To be provided by the supervisor***

This Question/Answer booklet

Formula sheet (retained from Section One)

***To be provided by the candidate***

Standard items: pens (blue/black preferred), pencils (including coloured), sharpener, correction fluid/tape, eraser, ruler, highlighters

Special items: drawing instruments, templates, notes on two unfolded sheets of A4 paper, and up to three calculators approved for use in this examination

## Important note to candidates

No other items may be taken into the examination room. It is **your** responsibility to ensure that you do not have any unauthorised material. If you have any unauthorised material with you, hand it to the supervisor **before** reading any further.

## Structure of this paper

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Section | Number of questions available | Number of questions to be answered | Working  time (minutes) | Marks available | Percentage of examination |
| Section One:  Calculator-free | 8 | 8 | 50 | 52 | 35 |
| Section Two:  Calculator-assumed | 13 | 13 | 100 | 98 | 65 |
|  | | |  | **Total** | 100 |

## Instructions to candidates

1. The rules for the conduct of examinations are detailed in the school handbook. Sitting this examination implies that you agree to abide by these rules.

2. Write your answers in this Question/Answer booklet.

3. You must be careful to confine your response to the specific question asked and to follow any instructions that are specified to a particular question.

4. Additional working space pages at the end of this Question/Answer booklet are for planning or continuing an answer. If you use these pages, indicate at the original answer, the page number it is planned/continued on and write the question number being planned/continued on the additional working space page.

5. Show all your working clearly. Your working should be in sufficient detail to allow your answers to be checked readily and for marks to be awarded for reasoning. Incorrect answers given without supporting reasoning cannot be allocated any marks. For any question or part question worth more than two marks, valid working or justification is required to receive full marks. If you repeat any question, ensure that you cancel the answer you do not wish to have marked.

6. It is recommended that you do not use pencil, except in diagrams.

7. The Formula sheet is not to be handed in with your Question/Answer booklet.

Section Two: Calculator-assumed 65% (98 Marks)

This section has**thirteen (****13)** questions. Answer **all** questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Working time: 100 minutes.

Question 9 (6 marks)

(a) The tangent to the curve at intersects the -axis at . Determine the value of . (3 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ determines gradient of tangent  ✓ writes equation of tangent  ✓ states value of |

(b) If and , determine . (3 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ antidifferentiates  ✓ determines constant  ✓ states value |

Question 10 (8 marks)

A group of 160 students were asked whether they had bought a drink or a snack from the school canteen. 32 had bought neither, 32 had bought both and 112 had bought a drink.

(a) Determine the number of students who only bought a snack. (2 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ Venn diagram or other method  ✓ correct number |

(b) Determine the probability that a randomly chosen student from the group had bought

(i) a drink or a snack. (1 mark)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ correct probability |

(ii) only a drink. (1 mark)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ correct probability |

(iii) a drink given that they had bought a snack. (2 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ uses conditional probability  ✓ correct probability |

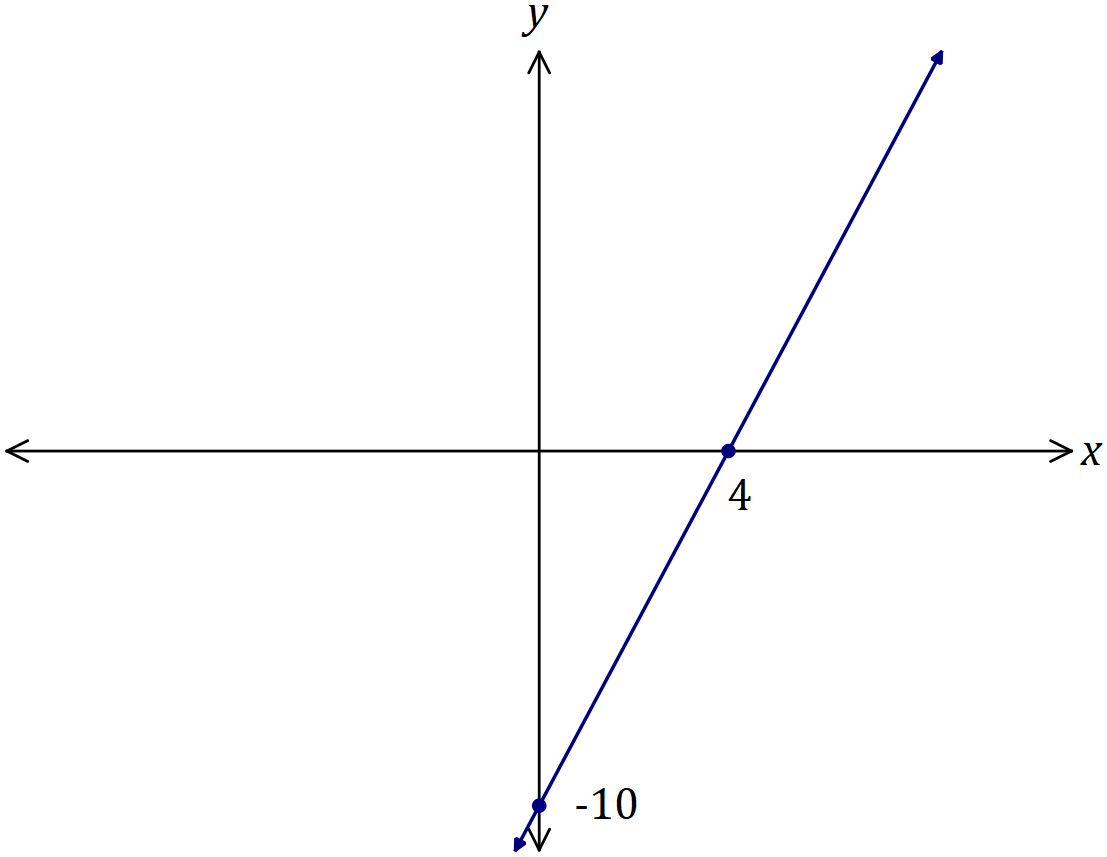
(c) For this group of students, are the events buying a snack and buying a drink independent? Justify your answer. (2 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
| and and so and so events are NOT independent. |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ uses probabilities  ✓ correct conclusion |

Question 11 (6 marks)

Line has equation .

(a) Sketch the graph of . (2 marks)



|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
| See graph |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ labelled intercepts  ✓ straight line |

(b) Determine the equation of line that is parallel to and passes through the point with coordinates . (2 marks)

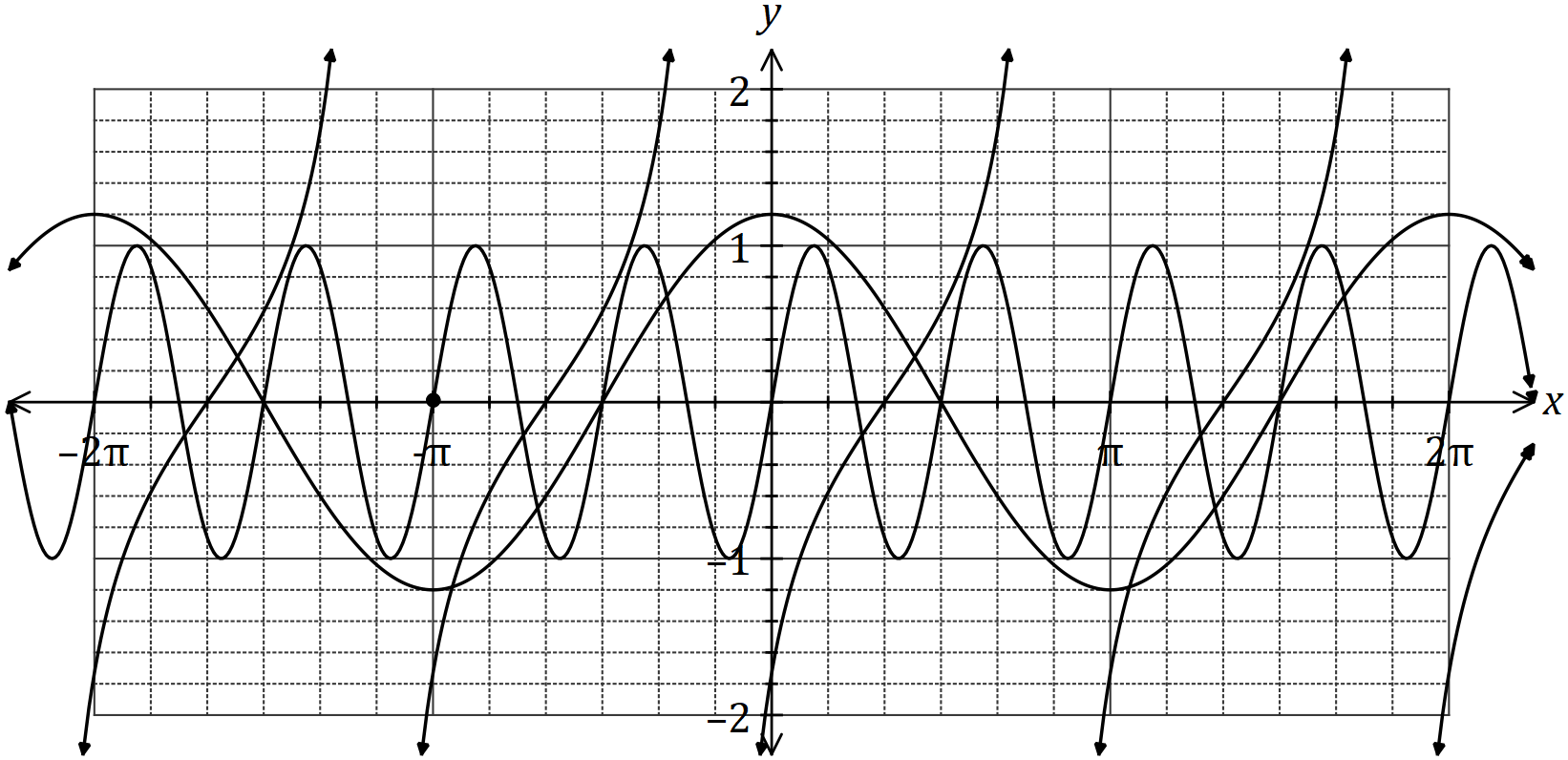
|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ uses correct gradient  ✓ states equation |

(c) Determine the equation of line that is perpendicular to and has the same -intercept as . (2 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ uses correct gradient  ✓ states equation |

Question 12 (7 marks)

(a) The graphs of , and are shown below.



Determine the values of the constants and and the smallest positive value of the constant . (3 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ value of  ✓ value of  ✓ value of |

(b) One day, the depth of water in a tidal basin was modelled by , where was the depth in metres and was the time, in hours, after midnight. For this day, determine

(i) the depth of water at 9.30 am. (2 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ converts time  ✓ determines depth |

(ii) the last time in the afternoon that the depth of water was 8.3 m. (2 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ writes equation  ✓ solves equation over stated domain |

Question 13 (6 marks)

The quadratic function passes through and has roots at and .

(a) Determine the values of the constants , and . (3 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ writes in factored form  ✓ uses given point to determine  ✓ expands and clearly states all values |

(b) State the location of the -intercept of the graph . (1 mark)

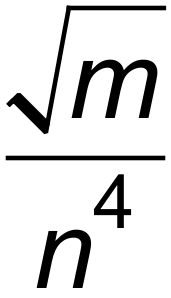
|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ correct -value |

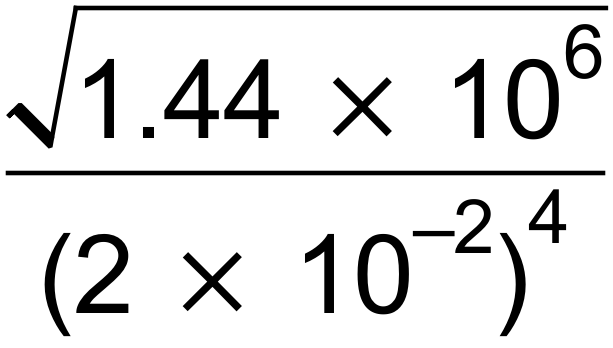
(c) State the location of the roots of the graph . (2 marks)

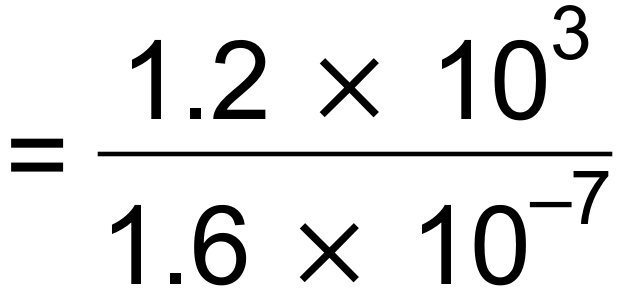
|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ uses correct horizontal dilation  ✓ correct -values |

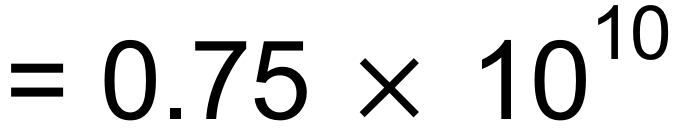
Question 14 (8 marks)

**(a)** Evaluate the following and leave your solution in standard form (scientific notation).

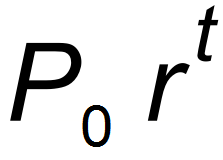
 if  and  (3 marks)



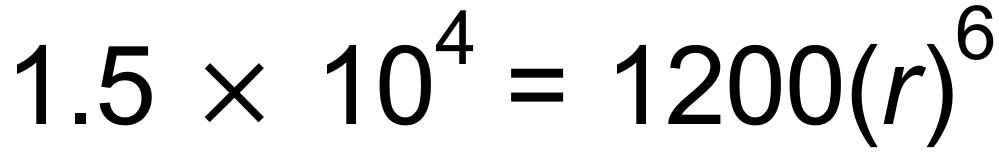
 ✓

 ✓

 ✓

**(b)** The number of bacteria, *P*, in a culture increases with time, in hours, according to the equation *P* =  *.* The initial number of bacteria in the culture was 1200 and six hours later there were  bacteria.

**(i)** Determine the values of *P0* and *r.* (2 marks)

(i) 

*P0* = 1200 ✓

*r =* 1.5234 ✓

**(ii)** How many bacteria would there be after 12 hours? (1 mark)

*P* = 187500 ✓

**(iii)** Determine, to the nearest minute, when the number of bacteria will reach 1 000 000. (2 marks)

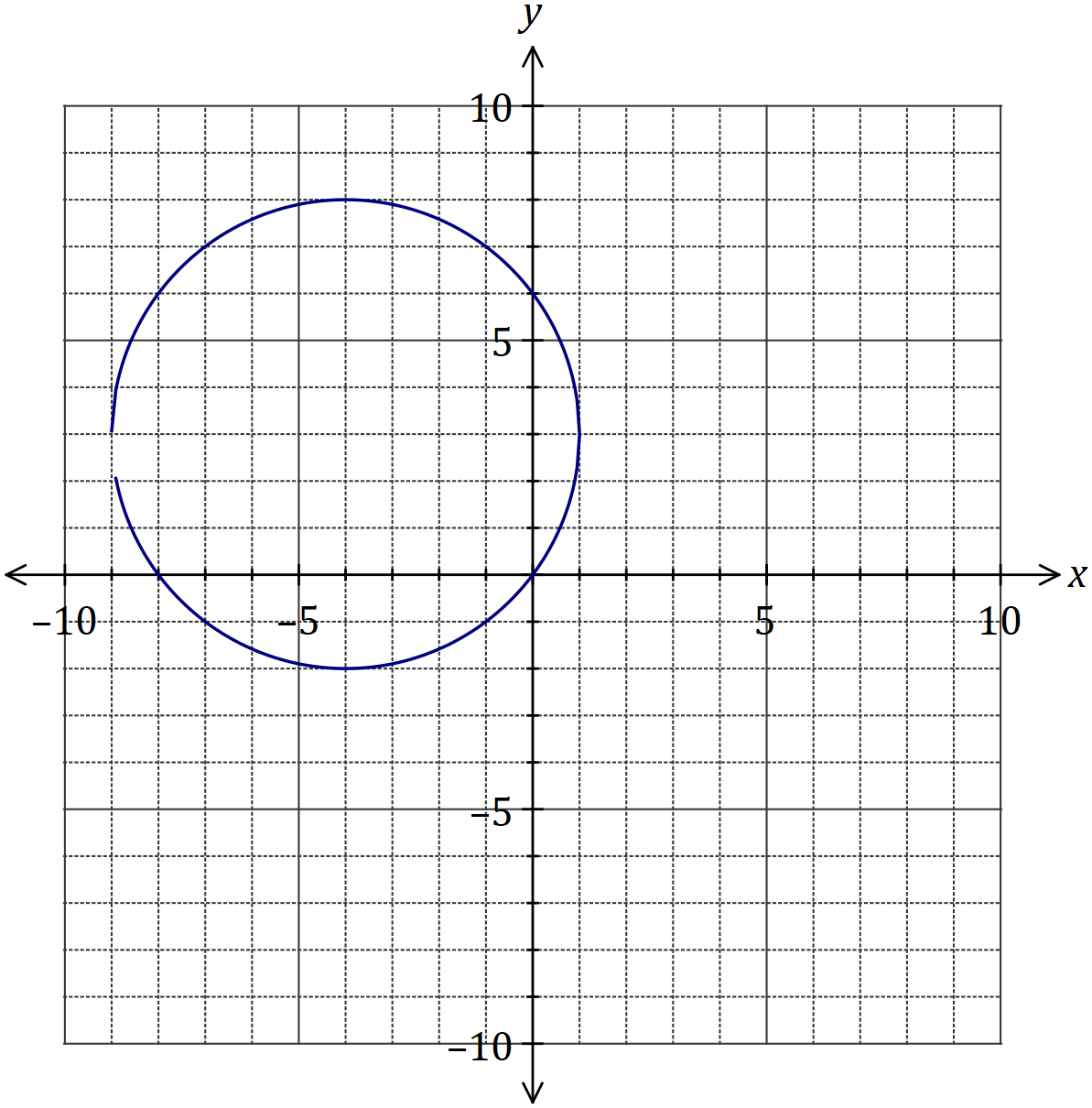
 ✓

15 hours and 59 minutes.(plus or minus one minute ✓

Question 15 (6 marks)

(a) The variables and are related by .

(i) Sketch the graph of this relationship. (3 marks)



|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
| See graph |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ correct centre and radius  ✓ all axes intercepts  ✓ smooth curve |

(ii) How does the vertical line test indicate that is not a function of ? (1 mark)

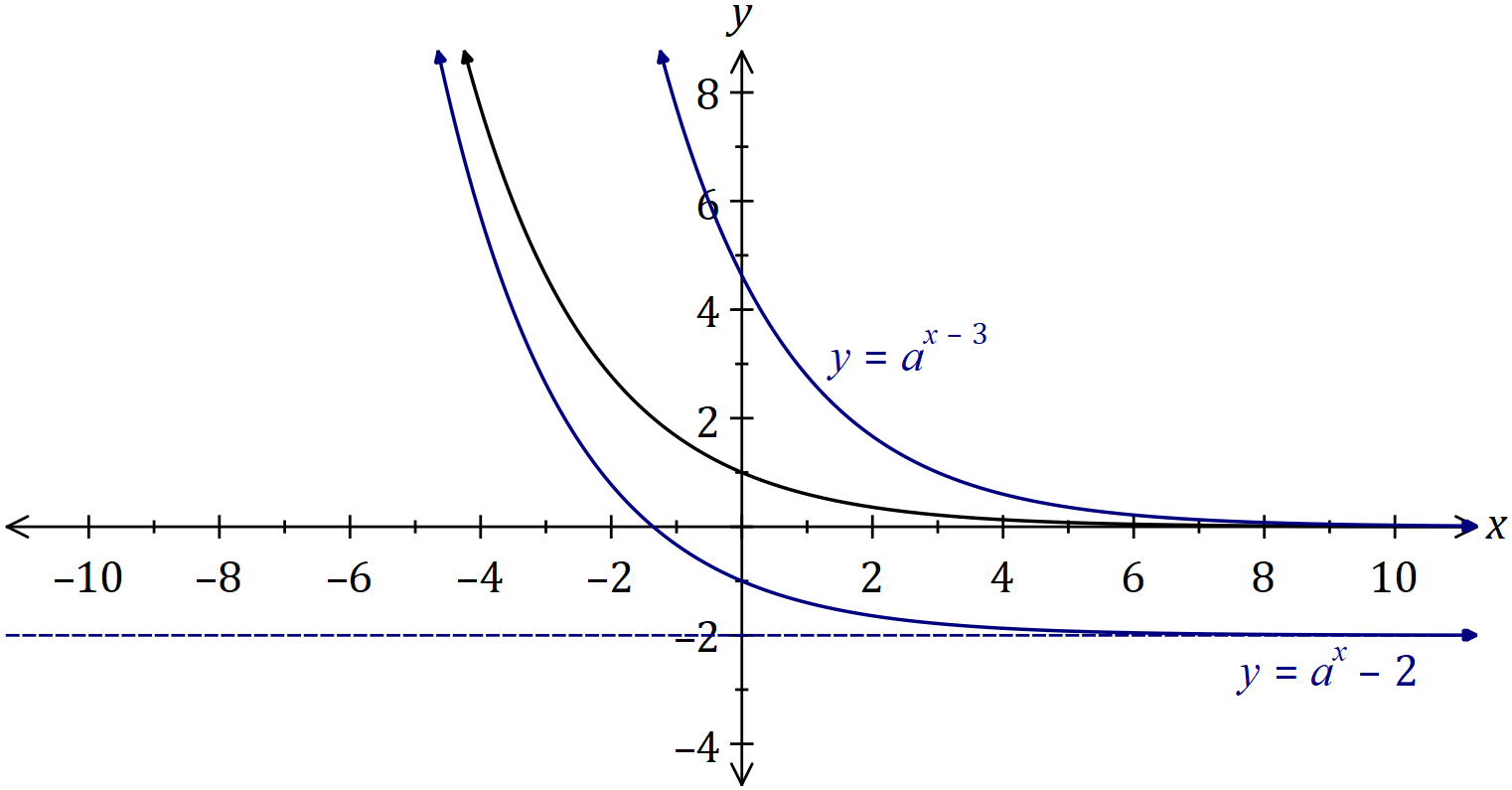
|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
| Any vertical line drawn between will cut the graph more than once. |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ explanation |

(b) State the domain and range of the function . (2 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ indicates restriction on values  ✓ indicates restriction on values |

Question 16 (8 marks)

The graph of is shown below, where is a positive constant.



(a) On the same axes, sketch and label the graphs of

(i) . (2 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
| See graph |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| (i) ✓ y-int close to (0, 5); ✓ touches x-axis close to (9, 0)  (ii) ✓ y-int at (0, -1); ✓ clear asymptote at |

(ii) . (2 marks)

(b) The graph of intersects the graph of when

Determine, giving your answers to 3 significant figures,

(i) the -coordinate of the point of intersection. (1 mark)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ value that rounds to 1.47 |

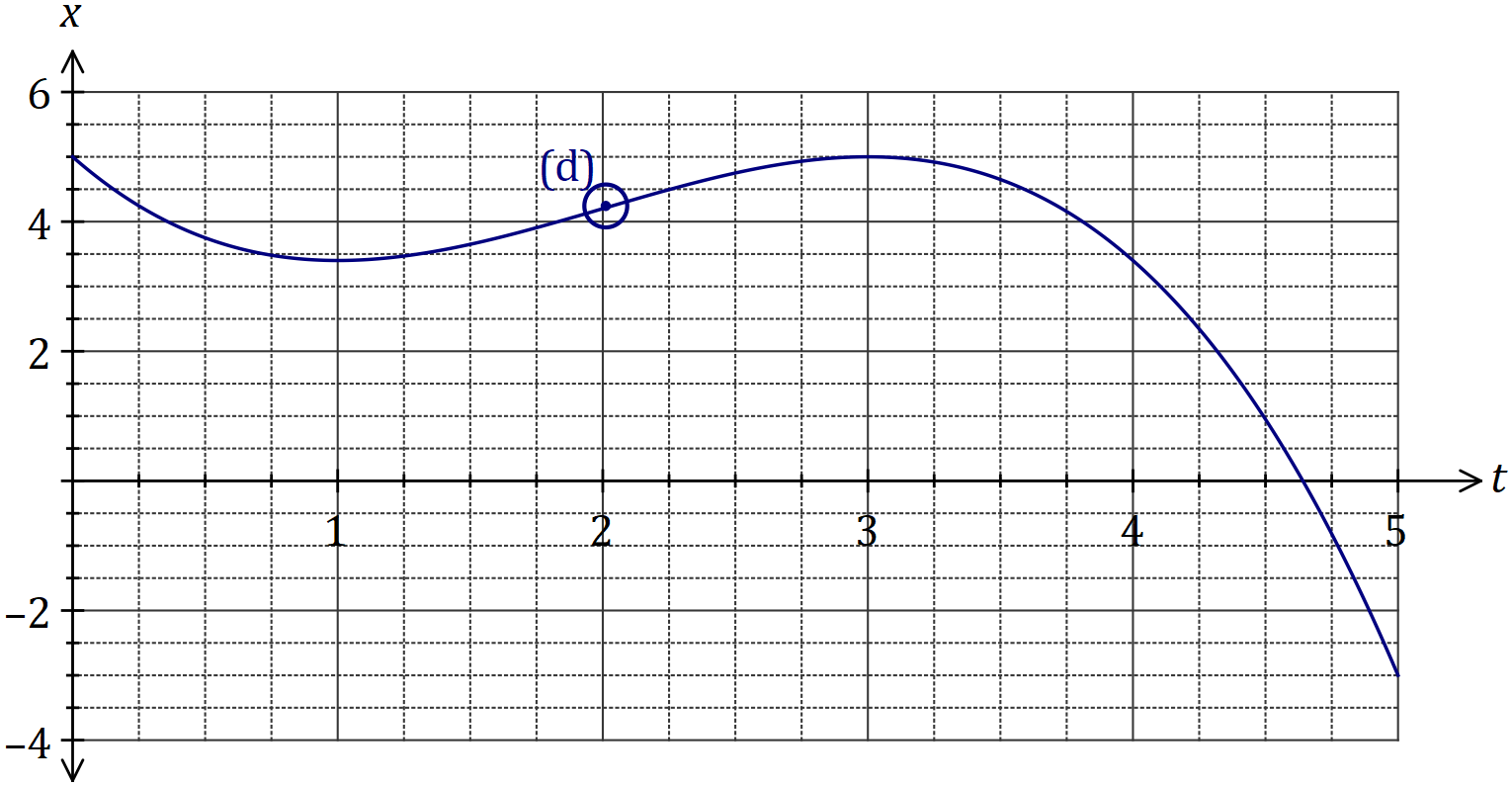
(ii) the value of the constant . (3 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ writes equation  ✓ writes solution to equation  ✓ rounds answers to (b)(i) & (ii) correctly |

Question 17 (8 marks)

A particle is moving along a straight line so that its displacement, metres, from a fixed point after seconds is given by

(a) Sketch the displacement of the particle on the axes below for . (3 marks)



|  |
| --- |
| **Solution (a)** |
| See graph |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ through (0, 5) & (5, -3)  ✓ turning points located correctly  ✓ smooth curve |

(b) Determine the velocity of the particle when . (2 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ differentiates displacement  ✓ states velocity |

(c) For how long during the first five seconds is the particle is moving towards ? (1 mark)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
| 3 seconds (for and ). |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ correct time |

(d) Circle the point on the graph where the particle is moving with the maximum velocity and explain what feature of the graph you used to choose this point. (2 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
| See graph. Velocity is maximum at point where curve has greatest positive slope. |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ indicates point of inflection  ✓ explanation |

Question 18 (11 marks)

Two circles of radii 10 cm and 13 cm have centres at and respectively. The centres are 7 cm apart and the circles intersect at and .

(a) Sketch a diagram of the two circles and clearly show triangle . (2 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ sketch showing  ✓ shows triangle |

(b) Show that , when rounded to one decimal place. (2 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ substitutes correctly into cosine rule  ✓ states angle to 2 or more dp then rounds |

(c) Determine the length of the chord to the nearest millimetre. (2 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ uses right-angled trig  ✓ states length, rounded to nearest mm |

(d) Determine the area common to both circles. (5 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
| Segment, centre :  Segment, centre :  Total: |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ uses segment formula with angles in radians  ✓ states area of segment, centre  ✓ shows  ✓ states area of segment, centre  ✓ correct total area |

Question 19 (8 marks)

Events and occur at random and it is known that and .

(a) Determine when

(i) and are mutually exclusive. (1 mark)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ states probability |

(ii) . (1 mark)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ uses probability laws  ✓ states probability |

(iii) and are independent. (3 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ uses probability law for independence  ✓ determines  ✓ states probability |

(b) Determine if . (3 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ determines  ✓ determines  ✓ states probability |

Question 20 (8 marks)

Five different letters are selected from the eleven in the word COMRADESHIP. The order in which the letters are selected is not important, so that the selection COMRA is the same as the selection RAMOC, and so on.

(a) Determine the number of different selections

(i) of five letters. (2 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ uses combination  ✓ correct number |

(ii) of five letters that contain one vowel and four consonants. (2 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ splits selections  ✓ multiplies selections |

(b) Determine the probability that a random selection of five different letters

(i) includes the letters M and R. (2 marks)

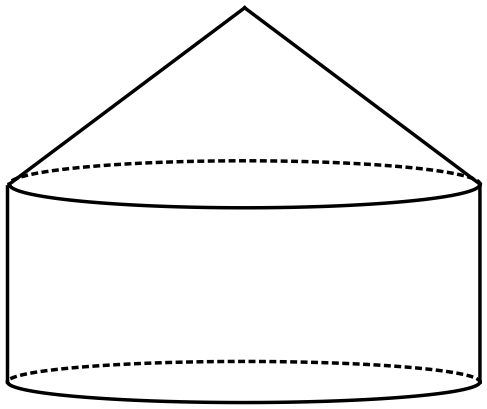
|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ selects (i) M & A (ii) other four  ✓ states probability |

(ii) includes at least one vowel. (2 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ selects no vowels  ✓ states probability |

Question 21 (8 marks)

A composite solid is made from a cone and a cylinder, both of height cm and radius cm, as shown below.



The dimensions are such that the sum of and is cm.

(a) Show that the volume of the solid is given by . (3 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ writes in terms of  ✓ substitutes into sum of cone and cylinder volumes  ✓ simplifies |

(b) Use differentiation to determine the values of and that will maximise the volume of the solid, and state this maximum volume. (5 marks)

|  |
| --- |
| **Solution** |
|  |
| **Specific behaviours** |
| ✓ differentiates  ✓ determines root of derivative  ✓ states optimum value of  ✓ calculates height  ✓ calculates volume |

Additional working space

Question number: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Additional working space

Question number: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Additional working space

Question number: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_